

## MEXICAN CIVILIANS RUSH TO ARMS; PRISONERS ARE WELL TREATED

Parral Americans Reach Border; Saw No Troops at Ahumada Monday Night; Say Country Is Arming Against American Troops; Nothing Heard at Santa Rosalia of Pancho Villa.

CIVILIANS of the Mexican republic are coming to northern Chihuahua in large numbers to receive arms for the defense of their country against American invasion. Virtually every train moving northward to the most effective points is a troop train. With exception of this and the growing animosity toward Americans the situation remains unchanged. This information was announced by a party of Parral mining men who arrived in El Paso Tuesday morning.

Two Americans with Mexican wives are supervising the mines, which are still running. The party which came in Tuesday morning will remain here until conditions are more sane.

The party consisted of T. G. Hawkins, Jr., A. W. Morris, H. W. Collins, H. A. Buick, H. O. Higley, J. Solanes and A. W. Hawkins.

**Recruiting Fast.**

"Rapid strides are being made in the recruiting of Carranza followers in Chihuahua," said one of the refugees. "Practically all the able bodied civilians will take part if there is a conflict between the two countries. It is conservatively estimated that there are now 50,000 troops mobilized in different effective parts of Chihuahua."

"The hard feeling toward Americans is unrecurrent, though it has not grown to be dangerous. The conditions at Parral and vicinity are not very good. We lived on canned goods for quite a while. Then any kind of food became scarce. We left on account of the present tenseness of the situation, but the company considered there was no very great danger as preparations were made to operate the mines continuously."

**Two Americans Left.**

Two Americans employed at the Parral mines have become naturalized Mexican citizens so that they might stay in the town with safety, according to the statement of one of the refugees. Both men have Mexican wives and families. They are both noted for their bravery, according to the refugee, one of the men having caught single handed and executed one of the worst Villista bandits in the neighborhood of Parral. The two men who remain in Parral are W. A. Scott and Leslie Webb.

**Saw Prisoners.**

"We saw the 22 prisoners, negro soldiers of the 10th cavalry, and Lena Pillsbury, scout in the Carrizal fight, in jail at Chihuahua City," he said. "They were being given good treatment. While in the city we did not hear any rumors to the effect that the Americans would be shot. It is apparent that Gen. Trevino is keeping order in the city in the best way he can."

"We saw nothing unusual in troop movements. The majority of Carrancistas are concentrating in northern Chihuahua. We passed Villa Ahumada during the night and could not see if there were any large bodies there."

**Nothing of Villa.**

The refugees heard nothing to the effect that Pancho Villa had joined the Carrancistas and was in the vicinity of Santa Rosalia. Neither did they hear

the any Villa soldiers with the Carranza forces.

The recent party of refugees are virtually the only Americans left in northern Mexico who intend to leave the country.

**COMPANY K BOYS EAGER FOR SERVICE, SAYS SGT. CLEMENTS**

Members of company K, Fourth Texas infantry at Terlingua in the Big Bend district, are anxiously waiting their turn to see duty in Mexico, according to sergeant Joe N. Clements, who received an honorable discharge from the company and is back in El Paso. The boys are doing target practice and otherwise making ready to see more active service when they are called.

"A few days ago the boys heard a rumor that the United States had declared war on Mexico and they almost went wild," said Sgt. Clements. They are on their toes to get into the fray and the least rumor sets them going. The work is mostly routine. There are three outpost guards with three men to each and an interior guard.

"The target practice, a five range is the target practice. A five range is giving the boys the opportunity to develop shooting talent. Company K has the job of guarding the Chisos times and that is some responsibility. There are about 107 men in the company, all healthy notwithstanding the bad conditions which they are forced to live under. There is a machine gun company of 12 men on detached service from Dallas. This company is stationed at Marfa. Alpine is the base of company K, and two trucks make the trip daily coming and going from Terlingua."

**ARMY OFFICER SAYS CAPT. BOYD DID WHAT PRUDENCE DICTATED**

Army officers who have read the meager report made by Capt. Lewis Morey on the Carrizal engagement, deny that Capt. Boyd was the aggressor in this engagement but say that the American commander did only what any prudent military man would do when he was confronted by a force whose intentions were not known.

"Capt. Boyd was not the aggressor," an army officer at the fort declared Monday afternoon. "To a civilian reading the report it would seem that Capt. Boyd took the initiative in this engagement by taking a position to defend himself. But he did not know what the attitude of the Carranza commander would be and, following the warnings, he was only taking prudent precautions."

"I knew Charlie Boyd as well as any man in the army and I know that he did not do anything that any military student would not have done under similar circumstances to protect his men."

**MISS LOLITA ARMOUR WILL BE A RED CROSS NURSE.**

Chicago, Ill., June 27.—Miss Lolita Armour, daughter of J. Orden Armour, is today awaiting word from Washington which will send her as a Red Cross nurse among the first 100 women who will go to the Mexican border in the event war is declared. Miss Armour forwarded her application to Washington yesterday.

## GIVES GRAPHIC BATTLE STORY

Capt. Lewis S. Morey Tells How He Escaped Death in Carrizal Attack.

(Continued From Page One.)

Troop, under Capt. Boyd and Lieut. Adair, only to the fringe of the brush into which the men and horses disappeared.

"Troopsmen tell me," Capt. Morey went on, "that Lieut. Adair died in an irrigation ditch, his head held above water by a noncommissioned officer. There was much water in the ditch and Adair would have pitched forward into it, without support. I understand the noncommissioned officer left Adair wounded in the ditch at Adair's order and went forward towards Carrizal. Then, looking back, he saw his officer with eyes glazed and head wobbling against the ditch side and ran back and remained with him until death. "Capt. Boyd was killed when the troop made a rush for the trench wherein the Carrancistas had machine guns; just how he died I do not know."

**Make Desperate Fight.**

"Caught in a right angle of fire, Capt. Morey's small detachment was forced to retire. Mounts had been sent to the rear, and every man, including the leader, was afoot. Alternately lying flat on their bellies, then rising and fighting desperately in a rearward maneuvered action, the little band withdrew till Capt. Morey and one of the corporals wearing Capt. Boyd's hat, with Morey bleeding at the shoulder, found himself with seven men behind an adobe wall and near a dry hole, offering a protection from bullets, but not from the sun.

"Three hundred yards to the south were the Carrancistas, some mounted, some afoot, advancing, firing, yelling, emboldened by the American retreat. When I got behind that wall," resumed Capt. Morey, in a matter of fact way, "I told the men I proposed to stay there. Those who wished to go could do so." Four men, including one wounded, elected to make a try for escape, and Capt. Morey tells how he saw them ascend a hill which stretched away to the north.

"I never saw men act so strangely," said Capt. Morey; "they didn't run or seem to exert themselves. They simply moved away as if dazed, uphill and by so going probably saved us. We who remained behind, all noticed the Carranza horsemen riding to outflank them. It was apparent the Carrancistas had seen some of us take refuge behind the wall and noting four trying to escape up the hill, gave pursuit, leaving us unnoticed."

With the enemy beating the country on all sides, Capt. Morey and three black troopers, lay in the hole or behind the wall all that longest day, waterless. Night came and with it a drop in temperature, and the wounded officer and one wounded, elected to make a try for escape, and Capt. Morey tells how he saw them ascend a hill which stretched away to the north.

**Orders Men to Go.**

"I reasoned," he said today, "that they could go on and I couldn't, so I made them go."

The three went and Morey, with his wound bandaged the best he could, lay down in the desert and fell asleep. The stars were still out but dawn was touching the sky when he awoke, strengthened by his sleep. He forced himself to his feet and staggered on in the direction in which he thought lay Santo Domingo ranch, eight miles from Carrizal, and the point where the com-

## EMBARGO HURTS MEXICO ALREADY

Troops Leave Nuevo Laredo Because They Can't Get Forage From U. S.

San Antonio, Texas, June 27.—The embargo on exportation of supplies into Mexico from the United States already has affected the Mexican army, according to news received here. It became known today that the reason the Mexican force recently left Nuevo Laredo was because they were unable to obtain forage for their horses from this side of the border.

The situation opposite Naco, Ariz., where 1500 Mexican troops are being held on trains, aroused widespread speculation here. Gen. Funston has announced that American officers were sure they had fathomed the design of this Mexican troop movement and reinforcements were sent to the American forces at Naco and entrenchments have been thrown up there. The stress placed on the fact, however, that the Mexican troops were not allowed to leave the cars on which they were loaded, is taken by some officers to indicate a possible move against some other portions of the west Mexican border.

The armored motor truck recently assigned to the troops at Port San Houston has proved its efficiency. When tried out last Monday it accounted for one milk wagon, one automobile and one cow.

mand had bivouacked the night before the fight. He traveled compassless, having given his compass to the men who left him with a telegram to his wife and a dispatch to Gen. Pershing.

**Reaches Ranch.**

About 4:30 in the morning, Capt. Morey reached the ranch house, deserted and desolate. Manager J. T. McCabe had left, as had the Chinese cook. Morey, awestruck, faced downward, in a mud hole, near the ranch house, rinsed his parched mouth, drank spiritingly, and rejuvenated, he staggered into the adobe building, where, as if by a miracle, he found some beefsteak and coffee in a pot and corn bread. He ate and gained strength and spirit. Near the ranch he found five troopers of the 10th cavalry, straggling from the confused fight and gathering them, he prepared to march on.

**Start for Camp.**

They found some jerked beef and stored it in their pockets. Those who had canteens, filled them, while Capt. Morey carried water in an old baking powder tin. "I had learned my lesson and determined never to be without water again," he said. After washing his wounds and stuffing some jerked beef in his first aid kit, Capt. Morey and the men set out, headed for the ranch of San Luis, 35 miles to the east.

Test miles were accomplished in feverish relay by moonlight. They encountered McCabe with a mule team near a windmill. These were a God send. All piled into the wagon and rode to San Luis ranch, where they arrived Saturday at midnight, joining with Maj. Howze's squadron of the 11th, sent out by Gen. Pershing to their succor.

With the squadron was a motor truck train, and in a truck Morey and the men headed for headquarters.

Thirty-five miles from this camp Gen. Pershing's aid, Lieut. James Collins, with four autos, met the trucks and Capt. Morey was transferred to a smoother, running and smaller car, and raced west at dusk.

A dollar saved by buying goods produced elsewhere is a dollar thrown at your neighbor's birds.

## MEXICO ACCUSES U. S. OF PERFDY

Sends Communications to Latin-American Nations, Appealing for Support.

Mexico City, Mex., June 27.—Foreign minister Aguilar made public today messages sent to Latin-American countries in which the government of the United States is accused of perfidy and with concentration of troops along the border with hostile purposes toward Mexico. The messages are in answer to communications from South American countries, offering their services to mediate between the United States and Mexico.

The messages say that after the incident at Matamoros, the United States began to gather its armed forces along the international line with the intention of aggression against Mexico. It is asserted that Mexico is not seeking war but that if it is forced to fight it will go to the last extreme at the cost "of the blood of its sons and the destruction of its wealth." The message concludes by stating that the "perfidy" of the American government not only affects Mexico, but all Latin countries on this continent.

It is added that Eliso Arredondo, the Mexican minister at Washington, has been instructed to get in touch with his Latin-American colleagues who have offered to mediate and to do everything in his power to prevent war.

**Declares U. S. is Unjust.**

Buenos Aires, Argentina, June 27.—Foreign minister Jose Luis Maradea has received a message from Gen. Carranza, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, containing an appeal for the support of the governments of Latin-America in Mexico's "controversy with the United States." Gen. Aguilar asserts that the United States is attempting to maintain by force in weak countries unjust claims on the part of its citizens.

**Hot Debate in Brazil.**

Rio Janeiro, Brazil, June 27.—The keen interest with which Brazil is following the developments of the crisis between the United States and Mexico received a new impetus today, following a spirited discussion in the chamber of deputies during which an opposition deputy made a bitter attack on the United States.

The discussion was opened by this deputy who, commenting on the last note to Mexico by secretary Lansing, declaring he was astonished that the United States should raise difficulties in accepting the explanations of Mexico while promptly accepting those of Germany in regard to the submarine war. The speaker asserted that Germany was continuing its undersea campaign in violation of its promise to Washington and that the United States did not dare to protest.

**Defends Government's Course.**

Deputy Souza Silva, speaking for the government, defended the international policy of the administration and declared that Brazil stood firmly for the solidarity and fraternity of the American nations. He also denied reports that the voyage of Dr. Elmo Muller, minister of foreign affairs, to the United States had to do with the Mexican situation.

**20,000,000 ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION IS ORDERED**

Philadelphia, Pa., June 27.—A rush order for 20,000,000 rounds of small arms ammunition was being filled at one of the government arsenals here today. The cartridges will be consigned to the government arsenal at San Antonio, Tex.

## TROOPS QUELL ARMED PEOPLE

Force 18 Arizonans to Abandon Proposed Raid Into Mexican Territory.

Nogales, Ariz., June 27.—A heavily armed filibustering expedition, organized to cross the line at Sasabe, 60 miles west of here, and bring back an automobile seized by the Mexican authorities, was broken up here Monday night by the military authorities.

Eighteen men, all carrying revolvers or automatic pistols, and most of them rifles or shotguns, were quietly leaving town in six automobiles when a squad of infantry barred the road.

**Might Cause Retaliation.**

Col. W. H. Sage, commanding officer here, warned the men that a raid into Mexico would be the signal for retaliatory forays by Mexicans that would endanger Americans along the entire Arizona border. He said he would have them arrested by United States cavalry at Arivaca if they approached Sasabe armed, and would turn them over for prosecution on a charge of breach of neutrality.

The automobile seized by the Mexicans belongs to J. C. Clay, who arrived here by way of Sasabe Sunday, after an exciting three days trip from Hermosillo. Sasabe is about 75 miles west of Nogales.

**GEN. RICAUT REGRETS HE MAY HAVE TO OPPOSE FRIENDS**

Brownsville, Texas, June 27.—The United States consul J. H. Johnson, who visited Matamoros Monday and finally closed consular affairs there, held a conference with Gen. Alfredo Ricaut, de facto commander of the Matamoros district.

"I hope it will be possible, in the event of a break of relations between our countries," Gen. Ricaut told Mr. Johnson, according to the latter, "that half an hour before it occurs I may have the pleasure of shaking hands with you and Gen. James Parker, commanding the border patrol at Port Brown, at the international bridge."

Tears filled Gen. Ricaut's eyes as he made this statement, Mr. Johnson said.

**DOUGLAS MEN SEND THEIR FAMILIES INTO INTERIOR**

Douglas, Ariz., June 27.—The families of a number of business men of Douglas departed today for the interior cities pending a settlement of the difficulties with Mexico. The men remained behind. A number of Mexican women and children also left for California, their husbands and fathers returning to Sonora.

The distribution of the 22nd infantry which was ordered last night to establish a sub-base at Bisbee, at points along the international line near Naco and in the San Pedro valley, west of here, began today, according to word received here.

Quiet prevailed at all towns along the Arizona-Sonora border.

**AMERICANS ARE STILL POURING OUT OF MEXICO**

Mexico City, Mex., June 27.—The Americans who have been living in Guanajuato are expected here today on their way to Veracruz. A special car carrying many Americans who arrived here recently from different parts of the country will start today for the coast, attached to the regular Veracruz train. The foreign office refuses to state when Gen. Carranza's reply to the last American note will be sent to Washington.

## NEGRO TROOPERS IN JUAREZ JAIL

Survivors of Carrizal Captured at Guzman; to Be Sent to Chihuahua.

Two negro soldiers of the 10th cavalry were brought to Juarez from Guzman Monday night and are now being held as prisoners in the old federal jail in Juarez in charge of the military.

It is not known to which troop the negroes belonged but they are believed to have been stragglers from the two troops which were engaged by Carranza troops at Carrizal and had escaped, wandered on the desert and finally reached Guzman, where Marcelo Carranza and his 300 Carranza troops are quartered.

The negroes were ragged, their shoes were worn out by their long tramp over the desert country, they were covered with alkali dust and hatless. It is believed that the negroes will be taken to Chihuahua city and placed in the state penitentiary at Chihuahua, with the other prisoners taken at the battle of Carrizal.

It was reported Tuesday morning that the negroes had been sent to Chihuahua but this could not be confirmed. The names of the negro troopers are not known and their commands were not given out in Juarez.

**57 ARTILLERYMEN COME TO BORDER FROM MANILA**

En route to Del Rio, where they will be used to fill the depleted ranks of two coast artillery companies, 57 unassigned artillerymen arrived in El Paso Monday night from San Francisco, going there from El Corregidor Island in Manila bay, where they have been for the past two years. Seven members of the unassigned company were left in El Paso when they failed to re-join the unit in Manila. They were provided with transportation Tuesday morning by provost marshal Capt. James Allison.

**RELATIVES SEEK WOMAN WHO DISAPPEARED IN MONTEREY**

A request has been made to American consular officials in El Paso that a search be made for Mrs. Dolores Trujillo Yda de Munoz, who was last heard of in June, 1915, when in Monterey. The woman's sister, Maria de la Luz Trujillo, has made the request fearing that her sister might have met with some harm. Consular officials state the woman came to the consulate at Juarez in January, 1915, seeking information relative to corresponding with relatives in Monterey.

**ARMED MEXICAN KILLED BY AMERICAN CAVALRY**

Brownsville, Texas, June 27.—One armed Mexican was shot and killed and another was believed to have been wounded by a detachment of the Third cavalry on patrol duty Monday night near Progreso, Texas, 41 miles west of Brownsville. The two Mexicans failed to halt when called upon to do so by the patrol. The wounded man escaped into Mexico.

**300 AVIATORS BEING RECRUITED ON COAST.**

San Francisco, Cal., June 27.—California aviators were being recruited today for government service by Silas Christofferson, a San Francisco aviator who received instructions recently from the Aero Club of America to secure as many men and machines as possible. The war department desires 300 aviators and planes. Christofferson expects to send at least 25 from the clubs about San Francisco bay.

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